



*Supplement of*

## **High-resolution subglacial topography around Dome Fuji, Antarctica, based on ground-based radar surveys over 30 years**

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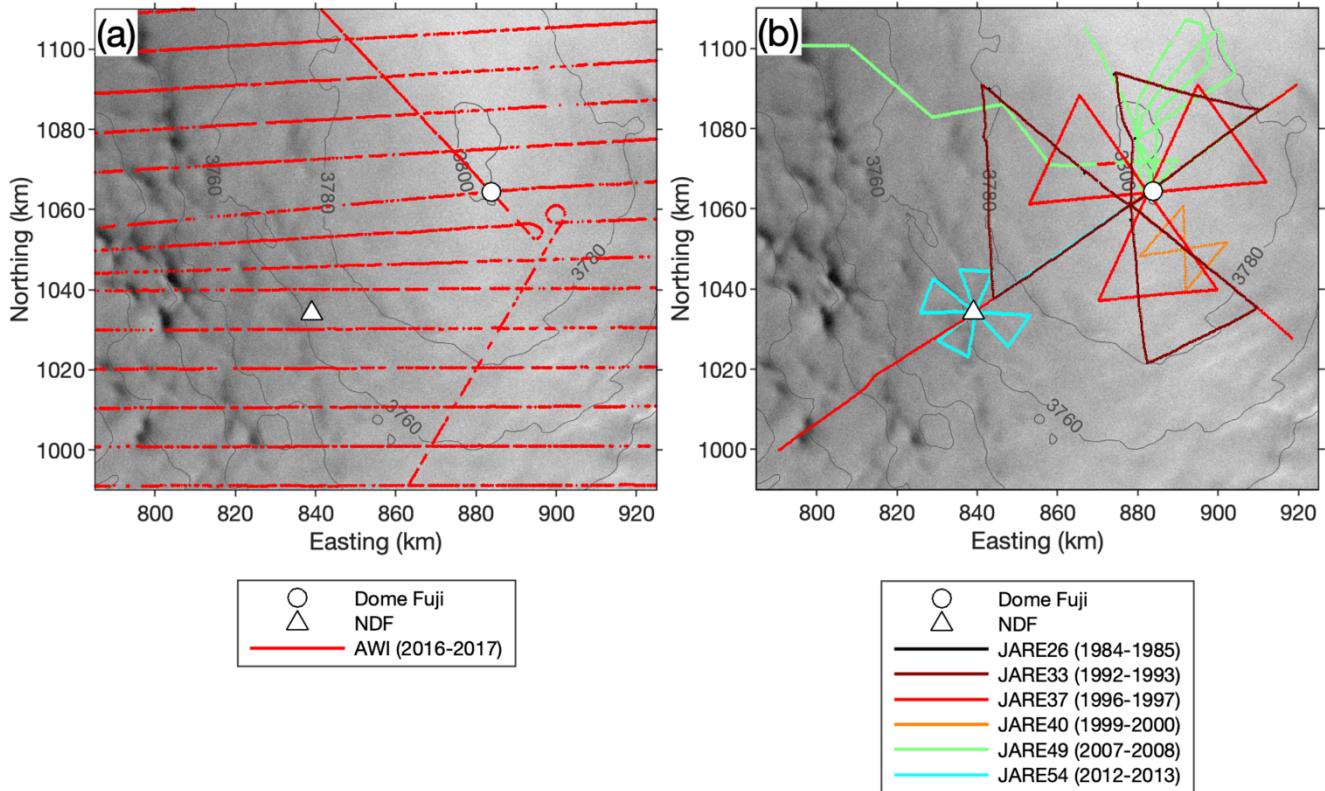
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**Table S1.** Configurations of VHF radar systems used in this study.

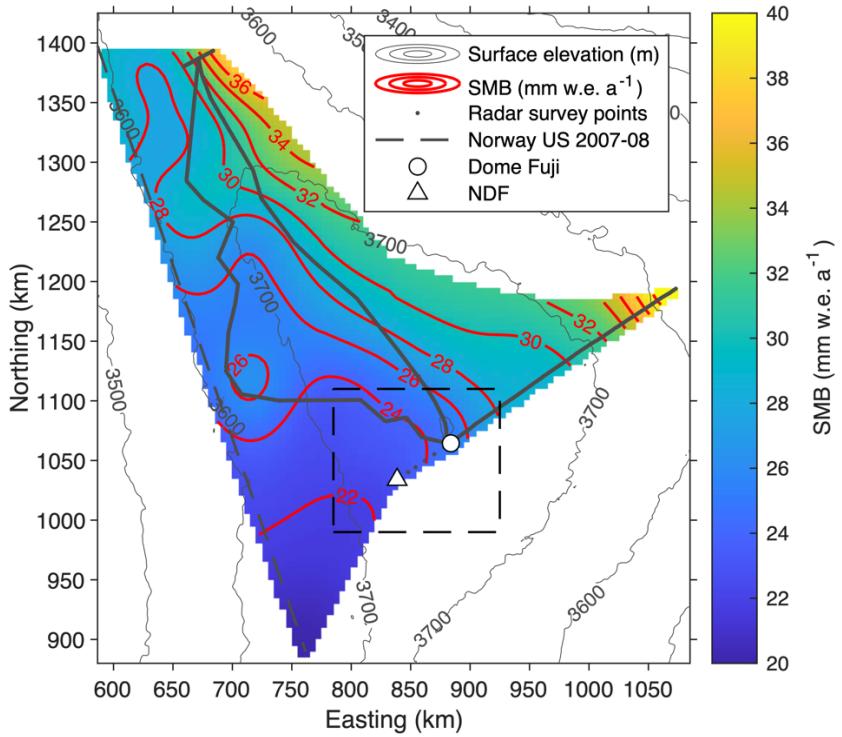
JARE expedition number (period)	Carrier frequency (VHF)	Transmitter pulse width	Numbers of Yagi antenna elements and stacks (for $T_x$ and $R_x$ each)	Antenna gain ( $T_x + R_x$ )	Vertical resolution	Half-power beamwidth for E-plane	Half-power beamwidth for H-plane
YYYY–YYYY	MHz	ns		dBi	m	degree	degree
26 (1984–1985)	179	300	3 elements × 1	16	26	±35	±45
33 (1992–1993)	179	1000	8 elements × 2	33	85	±20	±10
37 (1996–1997)	60	250	3 elements × 1	14	21	±35	±35
37 (1996–1997)	179	250	3 elements × 1	16	21	±35	±35
40 (1999–2000)	179	250	3 elements × 1	16	21	±35	±35
49 (2007–2008)	179 (POL)	500/60	3 elements × 1 cross	16	42/5	±35	±35
49 (2007–2008)	60	250	3 elements × 1	16	21	±35	±35
54 (2012–2013)	179 (POL)	500/60	3 elements × 1 cross	16	42/5	±35	±35
59 (2017–2018)	179 (POL)	500/100/60	8 elements × 1 cross	27	42/8/5	±20	±22
59 (2017–2018)	179	250/60	11 elements × 2	35	21/5	±15	±5
60 (2018–2019)	179	250/60	16 elements × 2	34	21/5	±15	±5

**Table S2.** Values of minimum, maximum, mean, absolute mean and standard deviation ( $\sigma$ ) of the difference in ice thickness ( $\Delta H$ ) between the JARE gridded data and Bedmap2 (Fretwell et al., 2013), BedMachine Antarctica v1 (Morlighem et al., 2020) and AWI data (Karlsson et al., 2018).

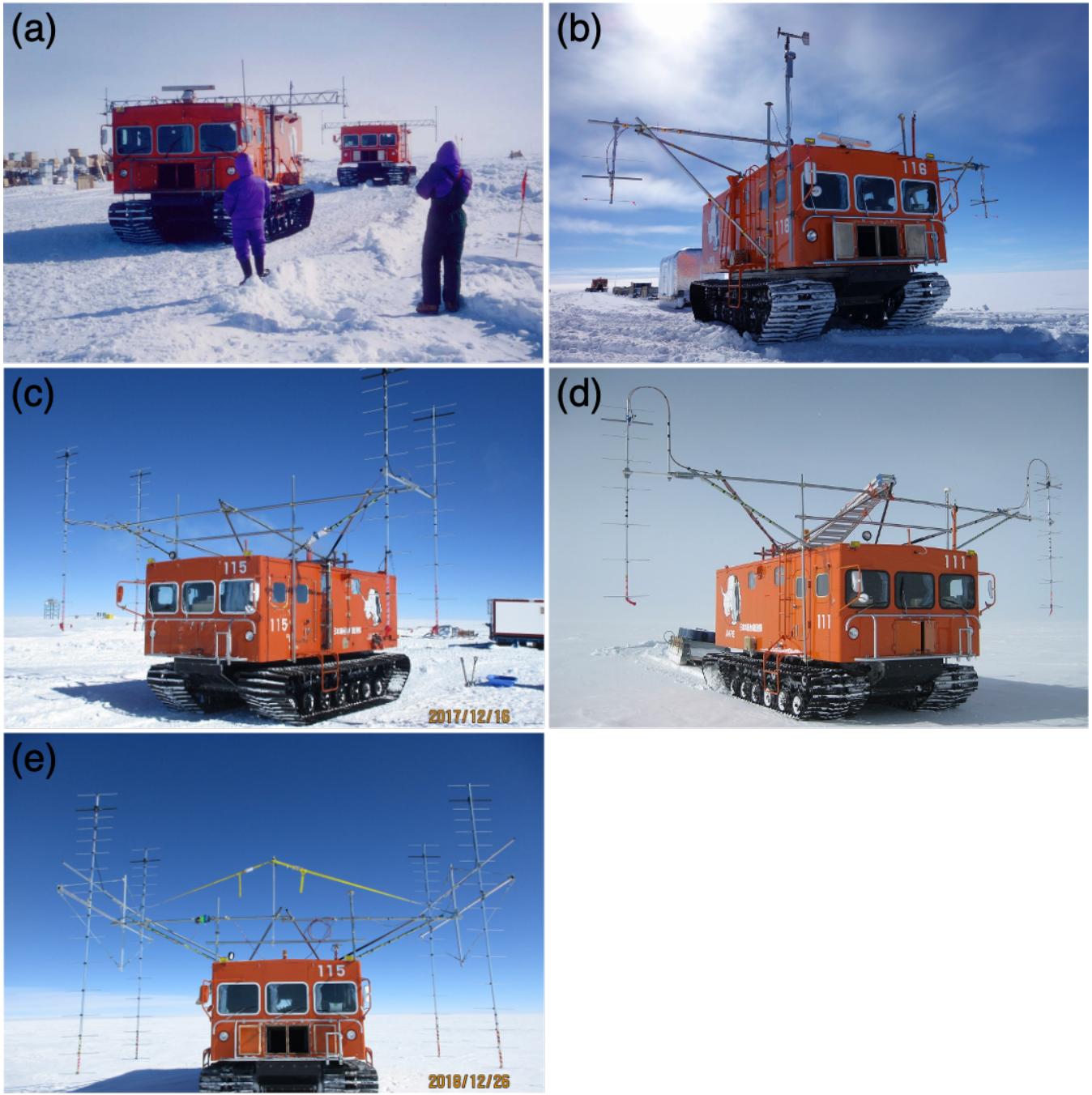
Ice thickness data	Min $\Delta H$	Max $\Delta H$	Mean $\Delta H$	Absolute mean $\Delta H$	$\sigma$
	m	m	m	m	m
Bedmap2	-510	812	-33	115	152
BedMachine Antarctica v1	-735	543	-8	83	108
AWI	-515	649	9	121	153



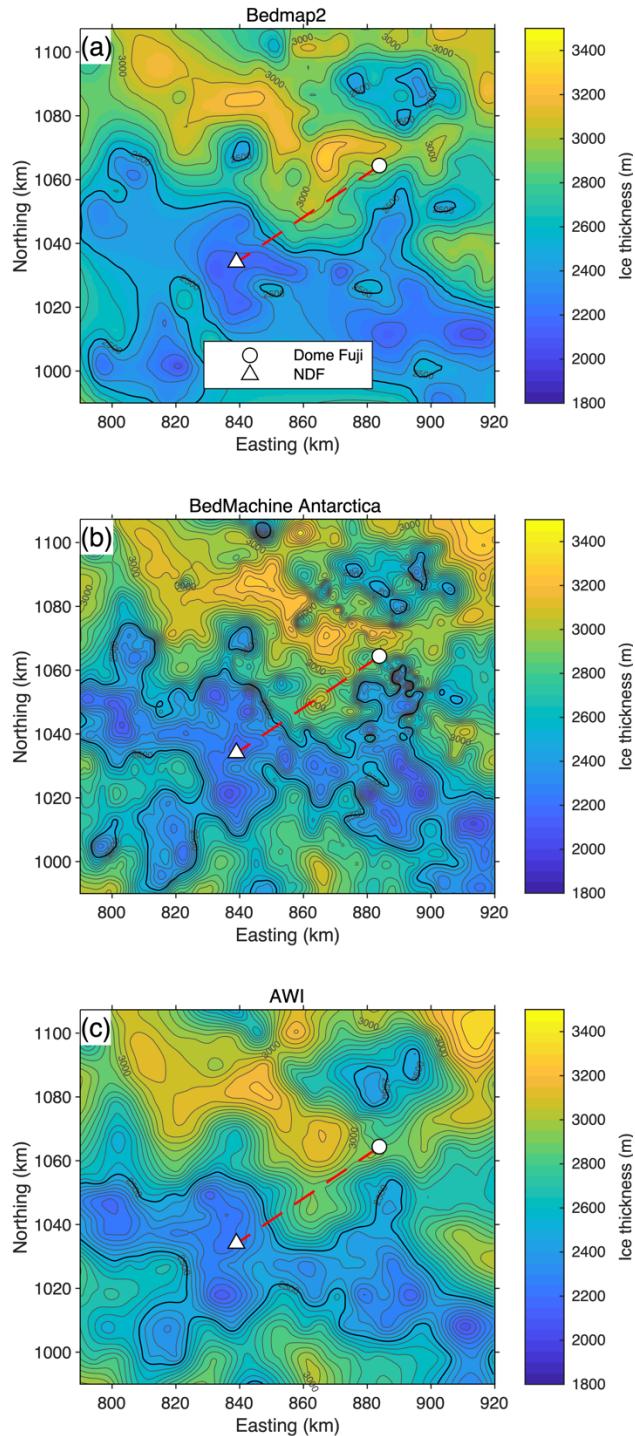
**Figure S1.** (a) The AWI airborne radar survey lines in the Dome Fuji region (Eisen et al., 2020). Surface elevation contours with intervals of 20 m. Background is RADARSAT-1 image acquired in 1997. (b) The Dome Fuji region showing the coverage of the JARE radar survey lines conducted by radar antennae before modification (JARE26–54). The background is a RADARSAT-1 L1 image (©CSA, 1997).



**Figure S2.** Annual surface mass balance averaged over 722 years, derived from the GPR data compiled by Fujita et al. (2011) and obtained in JARE54. The values were smoothed over 40 km to investigate the large-scale spatial distribution of the surface mass balance in the area. The data were then gridded every 5 km by the spline interpolation scheme for the convenience of presentation. The gray and red contours indicate surface elevation with intervals of 100 m and surface mass balance with intervals of 2 mm w.e. a<sup>-1</sup>, respectively. The box with black-dashed line indicates the coverage of the ice thickness map constructed in this study.



**Figure S3.** Photographs showing the JARE snow vehicles with various radar antennae. (a) The 60 and 179 MHz VHF pulse modulated radars were set on the vehicles in front and interior, respectively, used in 1996–1997. (b) The 179 MHz VHF radar used in 2012–2013. (c) The 8-element cross antenna and (d) the 11-element antenna used in 2017–2018. (e) The 16-element antenna used in 2018–2019.



**Figure S4.** The gridded ice thickness in the study region derived from (a) Bedmap2 (Fretwell et al., 2013), (b) BedMachine Antarctica v1 (Morlighem et al., 2020) and (c) AWI data (Karlsson et al., 2018). The dashed line indicates the line between Dome Fuji and NDF shown in Figure 6. The bold contours indicate ice thickness of 2500 m.

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