



Supplement of

Holocene sea-ice dynamics in Petermann Fjord in relation to ice tongue stability and Nares Strait ice arch formation

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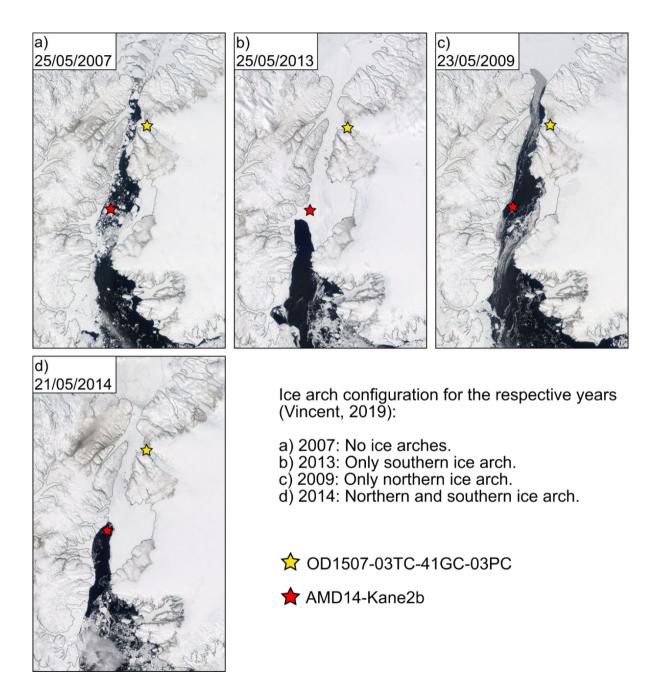


Figure S1. Snapshots of Nares Strait sea-ice dynamics in May during years with different ice arch configurations (satellite images from 'NASA Worldview' (https://worldview.earthdata.nasa.gov/)). Core OD1507-03TC-41GC-03PC in outer Petermann Fjord is marked with a yellow star and core AMD14-Kane2b is marked with a red star.

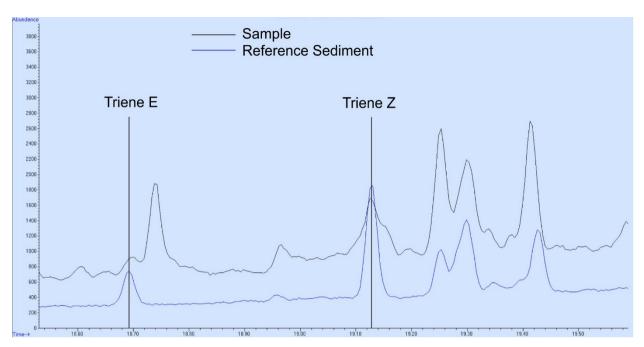


Figure S2. Chromatogram of the m/z 346.3 for a sample from Petermann Fjord (black) and the Young Sound Reference Sediment (blue). While the reference sediment shows clearly identifiable peaks of both Triene E and Triene Z, interaction with neighbouring peaks does not allow for a clear identification and quantification of these compounds in samples from Petermann Fjord.

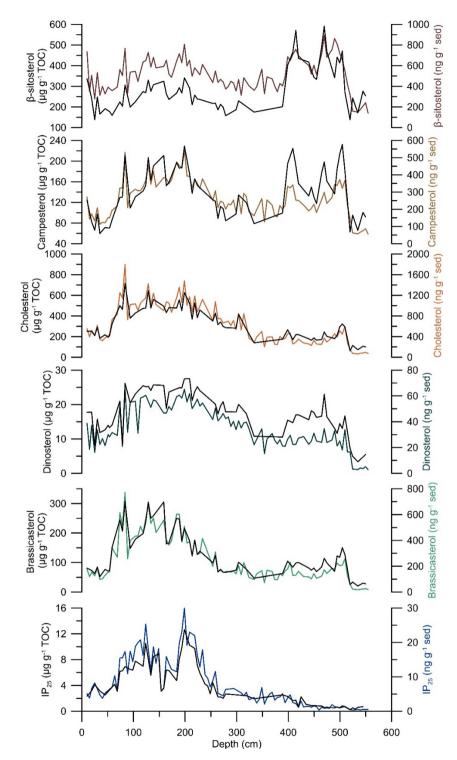


Figure S3. Comparison of OD1507-03TC-41GC-03PC biomarker concentrations normalized to the amount of sediment extracted (in colour) and normalized to the samples respective TOC content (in black).

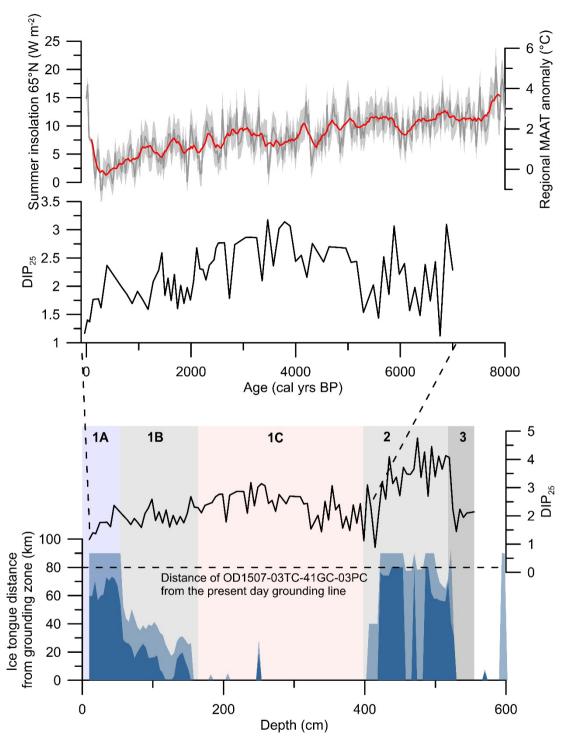


Figure S4. The DIP₂₅ index at OD1507-03TC-41GC-03PC on age (top) and depth (bottom) alongside atmospheric temperatures from Agassiz ice cap (Lecavalier et al., 2017) (top) and the Petermann ice tongue extent (bottom). The vertical background fill indicates the lithological units (1A-1C, 2, 3) at OD1507-03TC-41GC-03PC (Reilly et al., 2019).

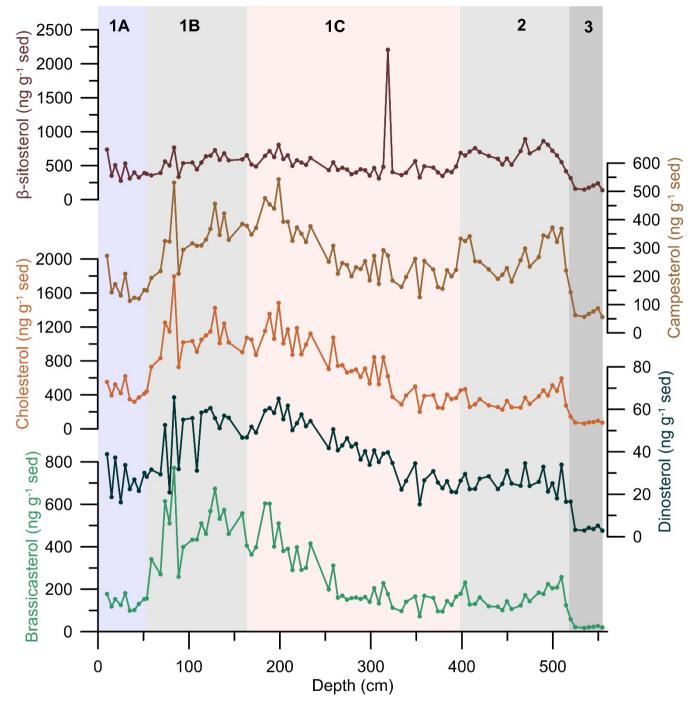


Figure S5. Sterol biomarker concentrations in ng g^{-1} sed including the one sample with extremely high β -sitosterol values (3x the mean). This sample has been excluded from any environmental interpretations. The vertical background fill indicates the lithological units (1A-1C, 2, 3) at OD1507-03TC-41GC-03PC (Reilly et al., 2019).

Table S1. Splice table, indicating the tie points between 03TC, 41GC, and 03PC for the Petermann outer fjord splice (OD1507-03TC-41GC-03PC) (Reilly et al. 2019).

Core	Core depth (from-to) (cm)	Splice depth (from-to) (cm)
OD1507-03TC	0-51.27	0 - 51.27
OD1507-41GC	22.55-383.4	51.27 - 412.12
OD1507-03PC	462.5-606	412.12 - 555.62

Table 2. GC-MS operating conditions and selective ion monitoring (SIM) ion masses.

Operating conditions			
Sample injection	splitless	splitless	
Injection volume	1 μL	1 μL	
Injector temperature	280°C	280°C	
Flow of carrier gas	1 mL min ⁻¹	1 mL min ⁻¹	
Oven temperature profile	40-300°C; 10°C min ⁻¹ ; 8 minute isothermal interval at		
	300°C		
MSD transfer line temperature	280°C	280°C	
MS ion source temperature	250°C	250°C	
Ion masses			
HBI SIM method ion masses	342.3		
	344.3		
	346.3	HBI III	
	348.3	HBI II	
	350.3	IP_{25}	
Sterol SIM method ion masses	327.3	22-dehydrocholesterol	
	331.2	5α -androst- 16 -en- 3α -ol	
	343.3	Desmosterol	
	382.4	Campesterol	
	396.4	β-sitosterol	
	458.4	Cholesterol	
	470.4	Brassicasterol	
	500.4	Dinosterol	

Supplementary references

- 30 Lecavalier, B. S., Fisher, D. A., Milne, G. A., Vinther, B. M., Tarasov, L., Huybrechts, P., Lacelle, D., Main, B., Zheng, J., Bourgeois, J. and Dyke, A. S.: High Arctic Holocene temperature record from the Agassiz ice cap and Greenland ice sheet evolution, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U. S. A., 114(23), 5952–5957, doi:10.1073/pnas.1616287114, 2017.
- Reilly, B. T., Stoner, J. S., Mix, A. C., Walczak, M. H., Jennings, A., Jakobsson, M., Dyke, L., Glueder, A., Nicholls, K., Hogan, K. A., Mayer, L. A., Hatfield, R. G., Albert, S., Marcott, S., Fallon, S. and Cheseby, M.: Holocene break-up and reestablishment of the Petermann Ice Tongue, Northwest Greenland, Quat. Sci. Rev., 218, 322–342, doi:10.1016/j.quascirev.2019.06.023, 2019.