Supplement of The Cryosphere, 10, 2129–2146, 2016 http://www.the-cryosphere.net/10/2129/2016/doi:10.5194/tc-10-2129-2016-supplement © Author(s) 2016. CC Attribution 3.0 License.





## Supplement of

## ICESat laser altimetry over small mountain glaciers

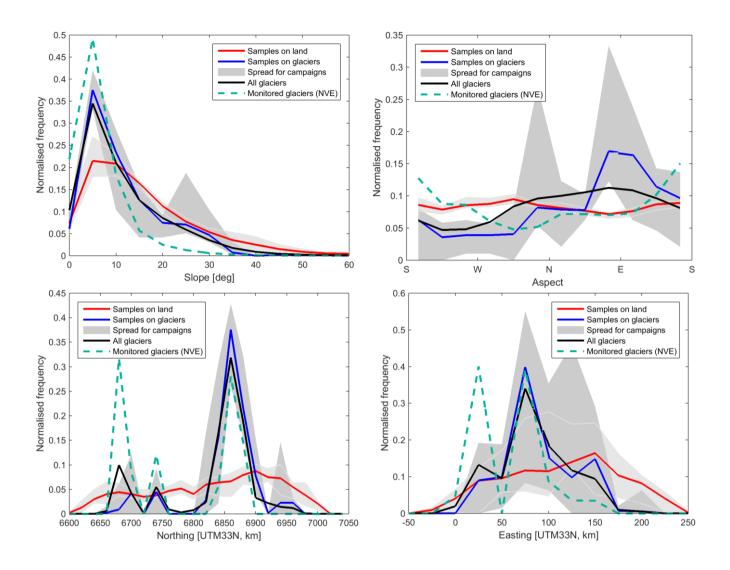
D. Treichler and A. Kääb

Correspondence to: Désirée Treichler (desiree.treichler@geo.uio.no)

The copyright of individual parts of the supplement might differ from the CC-BY 3.0 licence.

**Table S1.** Number of ICESat footprints included in the analyses. The applied corrections ( $c_{tile}$ ,  $c_{date}$ ,  $c_{glac}$ ) considerably reduce elevation differences (dh) between ICESat and reference DEM.

	ice	ice border	land	total
All, unfiltered	3'752	1'365	164'510	169'627
Filtered, total	3'272	1'144	120'896	125'312
Filtered, Autumns 03-09 (03-08)	1'268 (1'233)	438 (436)	48'854 (48'089)	50'560 (49'758)
thereof,  dh uncorrected  <10m	1'006 (79%)	316 (72%)	46'035 (94%)	47'357 (94%)
thereof, $ \text{dh } c_{tile}, c_{date}, c_{glac}  < 10 \text{m}$	1'190 (94%)	349 (80%)	46'299 (95%)	47'838 (95%)
Filtered, Winters 03-09	1'341	521	55'461	57'323
Filtered, Junes 04-06	663	185	16'581	17'429



**Figure S1.** Representativeness of 2003-2008 ICESat autumn campaign samples in terms of footprint slope, aspect, and spatial distribution (easting/northing), compared to the entire glacierised surface in southern Norway, and to monitored glacierised surface (in-situ mass balance program by NVE). The grey spread encompasses the distributions of single ICESat autumn campaigns; where it is wide, the difference between individual campaigns is largest.